

Skills Objective D

In 1 and 2, an arithmetic sequence is given.

a. Write a formula for the n th term.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{1. } 19, 25, 31, 37, \dots & \text{a. } a_n = 6n + 13 \\ \text{2. } -4, -6.5, -9, -11.5, \dots & \text{b. } a_n = -2.5n - 1.5 \end{array}$$

In 3 and 4, a recursive definition for a sequence is given. Write an explicit formula for the sequence.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{3. } \begin{cases} a_1 = \frac{3}{5}, \\ a_n = a_{n-1} + \frac{2}{5}, \end{cases} & \text{4. } \begin{cases} d_1 = \pi, \\ d_n = d_{n-1} + 2\pi, \end{cases} \end{array}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{5}n + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$d_n = 2n\pi - \pi$$

5. Write a recursive definition for the sequence defined explicitly by $a_n = 9n - 7$.

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 2 \\ a_n = a_{n-1} + 9, \text{ for } n \geq 2. \end{cases}$$

6. An arithmetic sequence has $a_3 = 11.1$ and $a_7 = 23.9$.

a. Write an explicit formula for the sequence.

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 4.7 \\ a_n = a_{n-1} + 3.2, \text{ for } n \geq 2. \end{cases}$$

b. Write a recursive definition for the sequence.

$$752p$$

7. Find the 250th term of the linear sequence $5p, 8p, 11p, 14p, \dots$

Properties Objective F

In 8–10, determine whether or not the given formula describes an arithmetic sequence. Justify your answer.

No; there is no constant difference.

Yes; there is a constant difference, 4.

$$9. b_n = 4n + 7$$

Yes; there is a constant difference, $\frac{2}{3}$.

$$10. c_n = \frac{2}{3}n - \frac{5}{3}$$

Uses Objective G

11. A TV shopping club that had 1218 gold necklaces for \$125 each sold 42 necklaces each minute the item was featured.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{a. } a_n = 1218 - 42n \\ \text{b. } 29 \text{ minutes} \end{array}$$

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Vocabulary

1. In your own words, define *arithmetic sequence*.

Sample: A sequence with a constant difference between consecutive terms

Skills Objective D

2. Use the arithmetic sequence 0.5, 0.75, 1.00, 1.25, ...

Arithmetic Sequence with first term 0.5, constant difference 0.25

- b. Write a recursive definition for this sequence.

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 0.25, \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= a_1 + (n-1) \cdot d \\ a_1 &= a_{n-1} + d \end{aligned}$$

3. An arithmetic sequence has first term 6 and constant difference 4.

- a. Write the first 5 terms of the sequence.

$$6, 10, 14, 18, 22$$

- b. Write a recursive definition for the sequence.

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 4, \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

Properties Objective F

4. A sequence is defined recursively as $\begin{cases} a_1 = 12 \\ a_n = a_{n-1} - 3, \text{ for integers } n \geq 2. \end{cases}$

- a. Find the first 7 terms of this sequence.

$$12, 9, 6, 3, 0, -3, -6$$

- b. Is the sequence arithmetic? Justify your answer.

Sample: Yes; it has a constant difference of -3.

5. Is the sequence 9, 27, 81, 243, ... arithmetic? Justify your answer.

Sample: No; there is no constant difference.

Uses Objective G

6. Pak bought a pound of coffee beans. Each morning she uses $\frac{3}{4}$ ounce to brew coffee.

- a. How many ounces of coffee beans does she have left after the first morning?

$$15 \frac{1}{4} \text{ ounces}$$

- b. Write a recursive definition for the amount of coffee beans left after n mornings.

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 15 \frac{1}{4} \\ a_n = a_{n-1} - \frac{3}{4}, \text{ for } n \geq 2 \end{cases}$$