

Chapter 7

Division and the Remainder Theorem

Lesson 7-3 (pp. 453-458)

Mental Math

- $\frac{10}{21}$
- $\frac{10}{21x^3}$
- $\frac{5}{21}$

Guided Example 2

3, 7, 6; 3; 3; -7; -7; -6; -6; 3, 7, 6; 3, 7, 6;

Questions

- $2x + 3$
- $4z^2 - z - 2 - \frac{2z + 4}{2z^2 + 1}$
- $x^2 + 7x - 1$
 - $x - 4$
- Answers vary. Sample: dividend = quotient • divisor + remainder;

$$\frac{\text{dividend}}{\text{divisor}} = \text{quotient} + \frac{\text{remainder}}{\text{divisor}}$$
- Answers vary. Sample: $q(x) = x, r(x) = 13$
- dividend: $3b^5 + 16b^3 - 27b - 50$; divisor: $b^3 - 7$; quotient: $3b^2 + 16$; remainder: $21b^2 - 27b + 62$

7. a. -13

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} y^2 - 9 \\ y + 3 \overline{) y^3 + 3y^2 - 9y - 40} \\ \underline{y^3 + 3y^2} \\ -9y - 40 \\ \underline{-9y - 27} \\ -13 \end{array}$$

8. a. -465

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 - 19x + 94 \\ x + 5 \overline{) 2x^3 - 9x^2 - x + 5} \\ \underline{2x^3 + 10x^2} \\ -19x^2 - x \\ \underline{-19x^2 - 95x} \\ 94x + 5 \\ \underline{94x + 470} \\ -465 \end{array}$$

9. 0

10. $x^6 + 2x^5 + 4x^4 + 8x^3 + 16x^2 + 32x + 64$

11. a. $q(a) = 3a + 5; r(a) = 12a + 10$

- degree of remainder = 1
- degree of divisor = 2

c. $(3a + 5)(a^2 - 4) + (12a + 10) = 3a^3 + 5a^2 - 10$

12. a. $q(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 8x + 22; r(x) = 63$

- degree of remainder = 0
- degree of divisor = 1

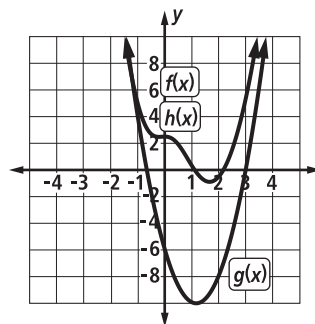
c. $(x^3 - 3x^2 + 8x + 22)(x - 3) + 63 = x^4 - 6x^3 + 17x^2 - 2x - 3$

13. $x^2 + 3xy + y^2$

14. a. true

- As long as $x^2 - 6x + 9$ doesn't equal zero, $g(x) = x - 3$.

15. a.



- Answers vary. Sample: The graphs of $f(x)$ and $h(x)$ are identical. The graph of $g(x)$ differs from them both, particularly about the origin, suggesting that the remainder is important to describing the behavior of the function.

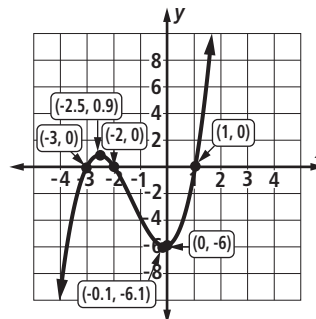
16. a. 1st differences: -1, 5, 17, 35, 59, 89;

2nd differences: 6, 12, 18, 24, 30; 3rd differences: 6, 6, 6, 6. The 3rd differences are constant, so h is a polynomial of degree 3.

b. $h(z) = z^3 - 2z + 3$

c. 332

17. a.



b. $-3 < s < -2$ and $s > 1$

c. $s < -3$ and $-2 < s < 1$

d. $s < -2.5$ and $s > -0.1$

e. $-2.5 < s < -0.1$

18. approximately $(-0.155, -0.079), (2.155, 6.079)$

19. $7! = 5040$

20. $XZ \approx 0.57$ miles, and $YZ \approx 0.43$ miles

21. a. $x = 0$ or $x = -8$

b. $y = 4$ or $y = 7$

c. $z = 6, z = -2,$ or $z = -11$

22. a. i. $x^2 + xy + y^2$

ii. $x^4 + x^3y + x^2y^2 + xy^3 + y^4$

iii. $x^6 + x^5y + x^4y^2 + x^3y^3 + x^2y^4 + xy^5 + y^6$

iv. $x^8 + x^7y + x^6y^2 + x^5y^3 + x^4y^4 + x^3y^5 + x^2y^6 + xy^7 + y^8$

b. $\frac{x^n - y^n}{x - y} = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} x^{n-1-i} y^i$